

KECEIVED

AUG 20 2001

SUPERFUND DIVISION

August 17, 2001 Project 49-F0K96219.01

Commander

U.S. Army Engineer District, Kansas City ATTN: CENWK-PM-E (Mr. Bradley Eaton) 700 Federal Building 601 East 12th Street Kansas City, Missouri 64106-2896

Re:

Transmittal of Draft Site Specific Environmental Baseline Survey Work Plans St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant, St. Louis, MO

Contract No. DACW41-96-D-8014 Task Order No. 0019

Dear Mr. Eaton:

We are hereby transmitting three copies of the subject document. Distribution of the remaining copies has been made in accordance with the attached distribution list.

Please call Bob Skach at 913/344-1158 if you require additional information.

Very truly yours,

URS Group, Inc.

Robert F. Skach P.E.

Project Manager

Dave

Enclosures

Superfund

URS Corporation 10975 El Monte, Suite 100 Overland Park, KS 66211 Tel: 913.344.1000

Fax: 913.344.1011

DISTRIBUTION LIST DRAFT WORK PLANS SITE-SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL BASELINE SURVEY ST. LOUIS ARMY AMNNUNTION PLANT ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

CONTRACT NO. DAA41-96-D-8014 TASK ORDER NO. 0019

Organization	No. of Copies (Documents
U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Command	3	All
ATTN: Sandy Olinger		
U.S. Army Engineer District, Kansas City	3	All
ATTN: CENWK-PM -E (Brad Eaton)		
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	3	All
HTRW Center of Expertise		
ATTN: HTRW Document Distribution (Ric Hines)		
CEWES - CQA Branch Laboratory	1	SAP only
ATTN: Laura Percifield		
U.S. Army Center of Health Promotion and	1	All
Preventative Medicine		
ATTN: HSHB-ME-P (Hsieng-Ye Chang)		
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region VII	3	All
ATTN: Tom Lorenz		
Missouri Department of Natural Resources	2	All
ATTN: Jim Harris		
U.S. Army Environmental Center	1	All
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-ERA (Derek Romitti)		
U.S. General Services Administration, Office of Property Disposal	1	All
ATTN: Lee Anne Galanes		
Arrowhead Contracting, Inc.	1	All
ATTN: Bryant Krouch		
Tetra Tech EM, Inc.	1	SAP only
ATTN: Eduardo Gasca		

Review Meeting Site-Specific Environmental Baseline Survey Working Draft Field Sampling Plan Former St. Louis Army Ammunition Plant 1 August 2001

AGENDA

■ Welcome and Introductions – Bob Skach

0900

■ Review of 16-17 May Meeting & Comprehensive EBS Report Status

- Sandy Olinger / Bob Skach

0910

■ Building 3 Remediation Project Status Report

- Greg Wallace

0920

AGENDA (Cont.)

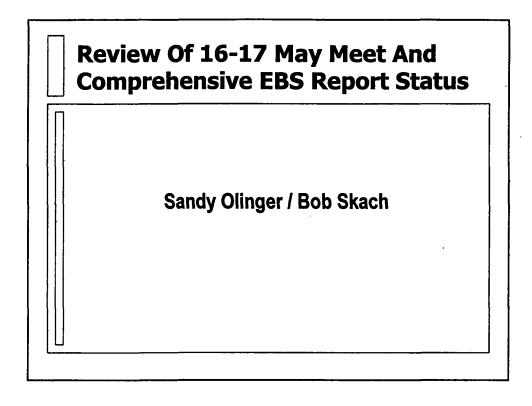
■ Site-Specific EBS Project Organization

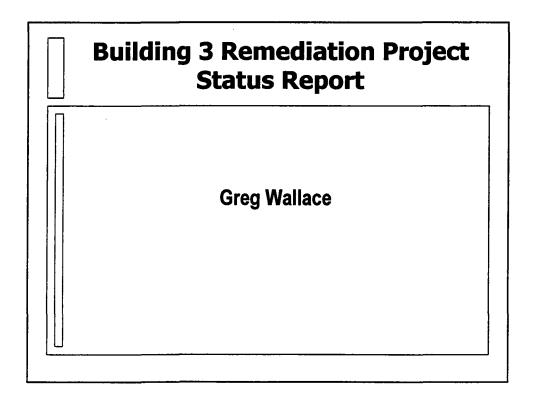
- Bob Skach

0945

- **■** Workplans
 - Sampling and Analysis Plan
 - Field Sampling Plan (FSP)
 - Quality Assurance Project Plan
 - Safety Health & Emergency Response Plan
 - Quality Control Pian
- FSP Overview Bob Skach

1000





A-See Notes on Arouttend presentation (back of this page on Bld 3 sampling Suppose to be the same as

Suppose to be the same as an FS.

Site-Specific EBS Project Organization

Workplans

- Sampling and Analysis Plan
 - Field Sampling Plan
 - Quality Assurance Project Plan
- Safety Health & Emergency Response Plan
- Quality Control Plan

Field Sampling Plan (FSP)

- Section 1.0 Introduction
 - Presents an introduction to the SAP and this FSP, including site history, environmental setting, an overview of site operations and process knowledge, and a summary of the comprehensive EBS
- Section 2.0 Project Organization and Responsibilities
 - Identifies organizations, roles, and responsibilities for key personnel to be used during the field activities

Field Sampling Plan (FSP)

- Section 3.0 Sampling Program Rationale
 - Presents a sampling strategy based on the data quality objective (DQO) process
- Section 4.0 Field Activities
 - This section presents a description of the field activities, the rationale for conducting the activities, the field protocols to be used during the activities, and laboratory analysis for the planned sampling activities

Field Sampling Plan (FSP)

- Section 5.0 Sample Chain-of-Custody/
 Documentation
 - Presents details regarding sample documentation including field logbooks, sample labels, sample collection field sheets and chain-of-custody
- Section 6.0 Sample Packing and Shipping
 - Presents details regarding sample packaging, shipping and archiving

Field Sampling Plan (FSP)

- Section 7.0 Investigation Derived Waste
 - Presents details regarding handling, storage, and disposal of investigation derived waste
- Section 8.0 Daily Chemical Quality Control Reports (DCQCR)
 - Presents details regarding quality control reports
- Section 9.0 Corrective Actions
 - Presents a discussion of corrective actions for noconformances identified in the field

Field Sampling Plan (FSP)

- Section 10.0 Project Schedule
 - Presents a schedule for the field activities and reporting associated with this FSP
- Section 11.0 References
 - Presents references that are relevant to the basis of this FSP

Sampling Program Rationale - Nature & Extent -

Bryant Kroutch

Data Quality Objectives

- **■** State the Problem
- **Identify the Decision**
- Identify Inputs to the Decision
- **■** Define the Study Boundaries
- **■** Develop a Decision Rule
- **■** Specify Limits on Decision Errors
- **■** Optimize the Design for Obtaining Data

State The Problem

Objective of the sampling program is to collect sufficient data to support transfer of the property consistent with the Finding of Suitability to Transfer (FOST) Process

Identify The Decision

FOST determines that a real property is environmentally suitable for transfer because:

- 1) The property has never been contaminated; OR,
- not
- 2) The property has been contaminated but is still suitable for transfer because:
 - Remedial actions have been taken to protect human health and the environment consistent with the property's intended use; or
 - Contamination is present at levels that do not represent a threat to human health and the environment, consistent with the intended use.

Consequently, decisions associated with this effort include:

need a c

horaterization

- Is an unacceptable risk posed by the site? risk (ssessmen)
- If so, can an appropriate remedy be selected?

6

Identify Inputs To The Decision

Comprehensive EBS (Tetra Tech, December 2000)

■ EBS has identified numerous areas of environmental concern on a building-by-building basis

Recent Site Visits Conducted by Project Staff

- Meeting with members of the regulatory community to finalize the Comprehensive EBS
- Process knowledge of the buildings and the operations

Definition Of Study Boundaries

- Effort primarily focuses on environmental data within 10 feet of the ground surface
- Sample media include concrete, surface soil, subsurface soil, surface wipes, site-wide sewers, sediment, and/or surface water
- Areas of concern are generally established at the "building scale." Consequently, the sampling regiment is defined on a building-by-building basis
- Phased approach to data collection (primary and preapproved contingency locations) should allow collection of all pertinent data during a single mobilization to the field.

Development Of A Decision Rule

- Ultimate decision is whether or not property is environmentally suited for transfer.
- Accordingly, samples will be collected to quantify nature and extent and to calculate risk in order to select a remedy.
 - Samples collected to determine the nature and extent of contamination will be collected in phases. Contingency samples will be collected if primary samples exceed EPA Residential Preliminary Remediation Goals or MDNR CALM Scenario A levels.
 - Data collected to support the risk evaluation are not subject to any particular decision rule. Rather, these data will be utilized to calculate carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic affects.

Evaluate Decision Errors And Optimize Design

Two possible decision errors may occur:

- Decide not to remediate an area when the correct decision would be to remediate (false negative).
- Decide to remediate when the correct decision would be to "walk away" (false positive).

False negative - very unlikely. Analytical reporting levels will be established commensurate with residential PRGs or CALM levels. Industrial nature of site will likely have higher cleanup goals.

False positive - minimized by gridded sampling approach. Rather than collect merely "hot spot" data associated with nature and extent objectives, risk assessment samples will be collected from a uniform grid at each building location.

Background – Site-Wide

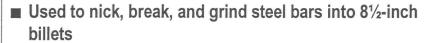
- Asbestos Containing Material (ACM)
 - ACM documented in the Comprehensive EBS
- Lead-Based Paint (LBP)
 - LBP is assumed to be present within and around each of the buildings
 - Handle LBP per regulations

Background – Site-Wide (Cont.)

- Fluorescent Light Ballast (PCBs)
 - To be removed as required
- Sewer System
 - Potential releases to and from the sewer system.
- Groundwater
 - Localized perched units at least 12 ft. bgs
 - Lack of a complete pathway to any receptor

- Billet Cutting Bldg.
- One-story, 8,770 square feet
- **■** Built in 1944





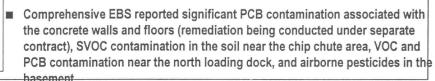
■ Comprehensive EBS reported a PCB oil stain and metals contamination associated with the billet storage area and sump/sewer system



Built for

- Forge Building
- Five-story. Building footprint of approximately 73,000 square feet
- Built in 1944
- Supported only SLAAP operations
- Forged billets (received from Building 1) through a series of heating, forging, and quenching operations
- Comprehensive EBS identified metal contamination in surface soil and surface water, chlorinated solvents in groundwater, and potential PCBs associated with hydraulic oils
- Regulatory concern with regard to TPH from the fuel lines/vaults was raised during finalization of the Comprehensive EBS

- Machining Building
- Two-stories with basement and penthouses. Building footprint of approximately 170,000 sq. ft.
- Built in 1941
- Supported .30 caliber production from 1941 to 1944.
 Supported 105-mm Howitzer production thereafter
- Processes included shell shaping, heat tracing, cleaning, painting, and packaging





- Air Compressor Building
- One-story with basement.
 Building footprint of approximately 8,500 sq. ft.
- Built in 1944
- Housed air compressors used to generate compressed air for processes performed in all other SLAAP buildings.
- Comprehensive EBS reported PCBs in oil stains under electrical equipment and transformer pads and cited the potential for PCBs in the compressor pits



- Headquarters and Office Building
- Two-story with basement and penthouse. Building footprint of approximately 12,000 sq. ft.
- Built in 1941, converted to office space in 1944



- Housed primer loading operations (.30 caliber production) until 1944. Provided office space thereafter.
- Comprehensive EBS reported PCBs in oil stains associated with the elevator equipment and SVOC-contaminated soil outside of Building 5

- West Office and Laboratory Building
- Two-story with basement and penthouse. Building footprint of approximately 10,500 square feet
- Built in 1941, converted to office and laboratory space in 1944
- Housed primer insert operations (.30 caliber production) until 1944.
 Provided office and lab space thereafter
- Comprehensive EBS reported metal contamination in hearth ash and SVOCcontaminated soil outside of Building 6



- Water Pump House and Cooling Tower
- One-story, approximately 1,000 square feet. Tower (now demolished) was about 15 feet high
- Built in 1944
- Housed water pumps to circulate process (coolant) water between Buildings 2 and 4.
- Comprehensive EBS reported no environmental areas of concern. However, concrete staining in the building and chromium from the cooling tower are further addressed

- Fuel Storage Area and Oil Pumphouse
- One-story, approximately 635 square feet with a open storage area surrounded by earthern dams.
- Built in 1944
- From 1944 to 1958, Building 8 was located north of Building 2, at a location that is now covered by Interstate 70 Highway. The building was relocated in 1958 during construction of the Interstate 70.
- Pumped fuel oil from storage tanks to rotary furnaces within Building 2.
- Comprehensive EBS reported SVOC contamination in the soil. Regulatory comments received during finalization of the EBS requested additional characterization beneath the fuel lines.

- Acetylene Generation Area
- Three single story structures with a sludge pit and an AST.
- Built in 1941, modified in '44, and demolished in early '80s.
- Served as a smokeless powder storage and canning area from 1941 to 1944.
- Converted to acetylene generation area. Calcium carbide and water were mixed to generate acetylene, which was then distributed to Buildings 2 and 3 via underground piping.
- Comprehensive EBS reported no areas of concern.

- Quench Oil Storage Tanks
- Three cylindrical, steel USTs and one rectangular, concrete UST
- Built in 1944, and removed in January, 1993.



- Supplied cooling oil (No. 6 fuel oil) to 14 quench oil tanks on the first floor of the east section of Building 3.
- Comprehensive EBS reported no areas of concern, other than completion of closure activities in accordance with MDNR requirements.

- Foamite Generator, Building (11) and Hose Cart Shelters (11A & 11B)
- One-story, approximately 274 sq. ft. (11) and 98 sq. ft. each (11A & 11B)
- Built in 1944. From 1944 to 1958, Building 11 was located near Building 8, at a location that is now covered by Interstate 70. The building was relocated in 1958 during construction of the Interstate
- Generated foamite by adding dry foamite powder to pressurized water. May have been used for fire prevention during shut-down periods.
- Comprehensive EBS reported no areas of concern.

Sampling Program Rationale - Risk Assessment -

Jim Garrison

Risk Assessment

- Goal: To provide risk information to support property transfer
- Must address both current and future use
- Soils are primary environmental media of concern
- Sample design based on the concept of "exposure area", using a systematic approach (grid)

Summary of Sample Collection Activities

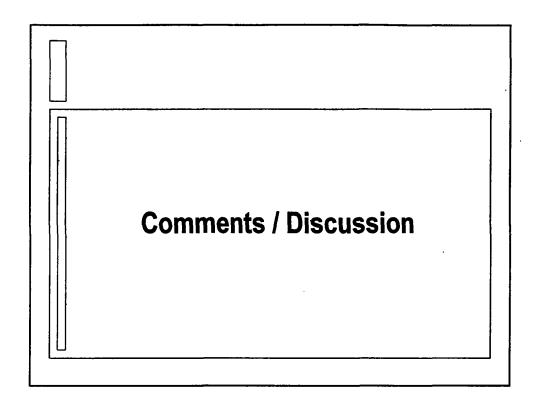
Area of Concern/ Figure Numbers	Phase	αίν	Corordo	Soil Boring	Test At	Sainer	Writowito:	AGM
Site-Wide	Primary	ŀ				11	11	
Figure 3-10	Contingency							
Building 1	Primary	I .	1	17			I	
Figures 3-1 and 3-2	Contingency			54				
Figure 3-11	Risk			10				
Building 2	Primary			9	8	2	2	20
Figure 3-3	Contingency			64				
Figure 3-11	Risk			12		T		
Building 3	Primary		To	be de	termin	ed		
To Be Developed	Contingency				Ī		l	l
Figure 3-11	Risk			18			T	
Building 4	Primary	2	1	3				
Figure 3-6	Contingency		2	14				
Figure 3-11	Risk			10	Ī			
Building 5	Primary	1		1				
Figure 3-7	Contingency		1	5	Ī	T		
Figure 3-11	Risk		T	16				

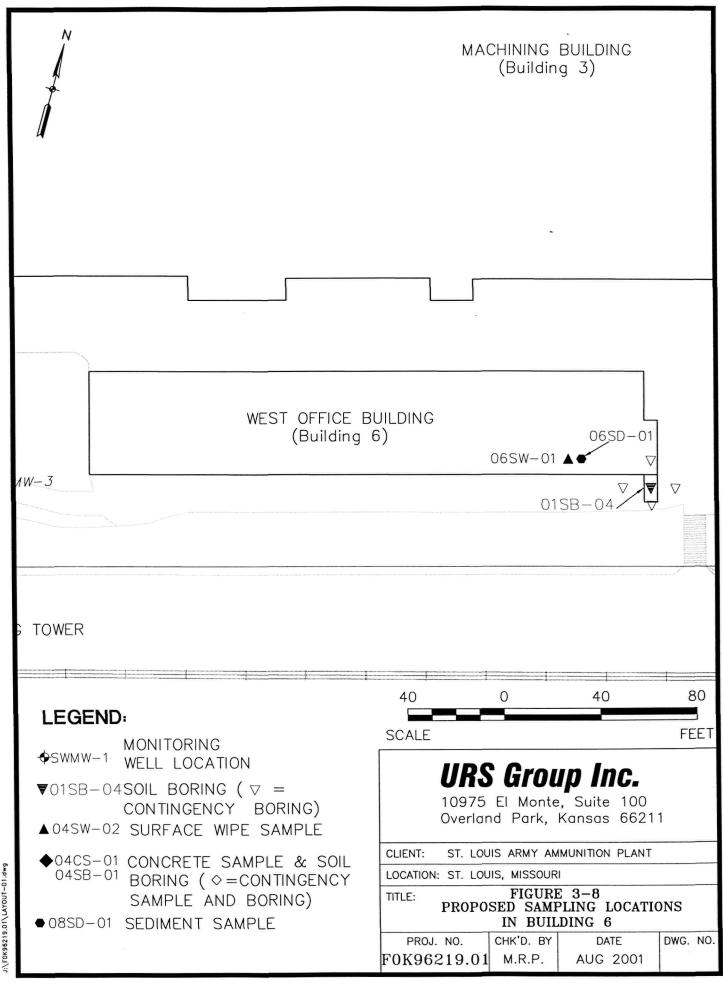
Summary of Sample Collection Activities (Cont.)

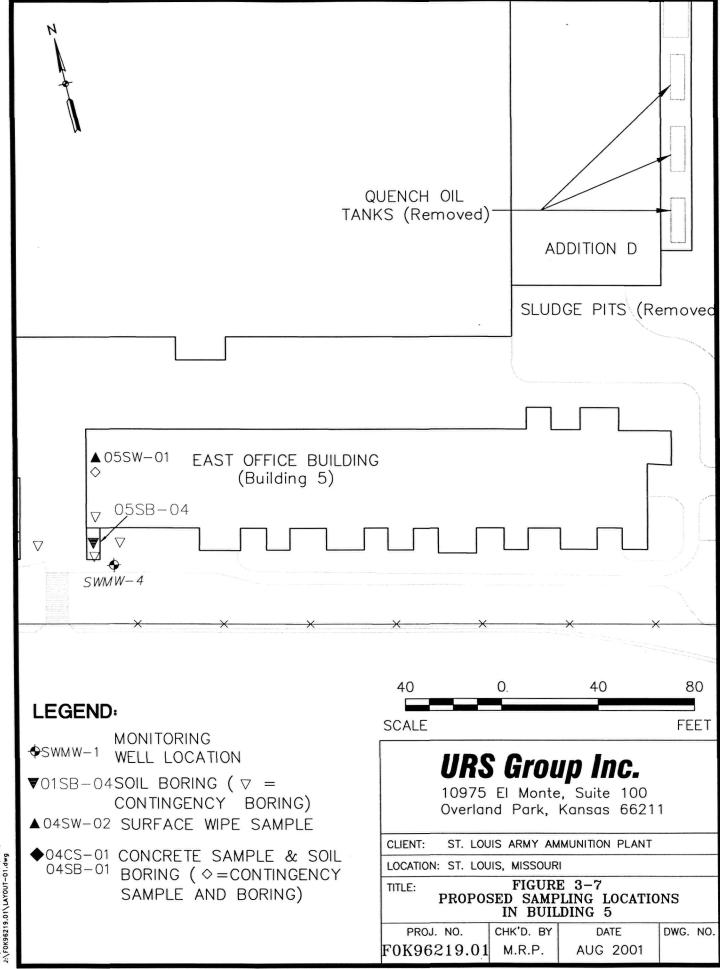
Area of Concern/ Figure Numbers	Phase	Wpc	Concedio	Soil Bonny	Teafit	Sedinari	Wetorder	אמוו
Building 6	Primary	1		1		1		Γ
Figure 3-8	Contingency			4				Τ
Figure 3-11	Risk			16				Т
Building 7	Primary	1		T	1			
Figure 3-9	Contingency		1	1	6			
Figure 3-11	Risk		Γ	16				Г
Building 8	Primary			7		2		
Figure 3-3	Contingency			32				
Figure 3-11	Risk			20				
Building 10	Primary		To be determined					
To Be Developed	Contingency					I		
Figure 3-11	Risk			1		T		
Totals	Primary	5	2	38	9	16	13	20
	Contingency		4	174	6			
	Risk			118				Г

Project Schedule

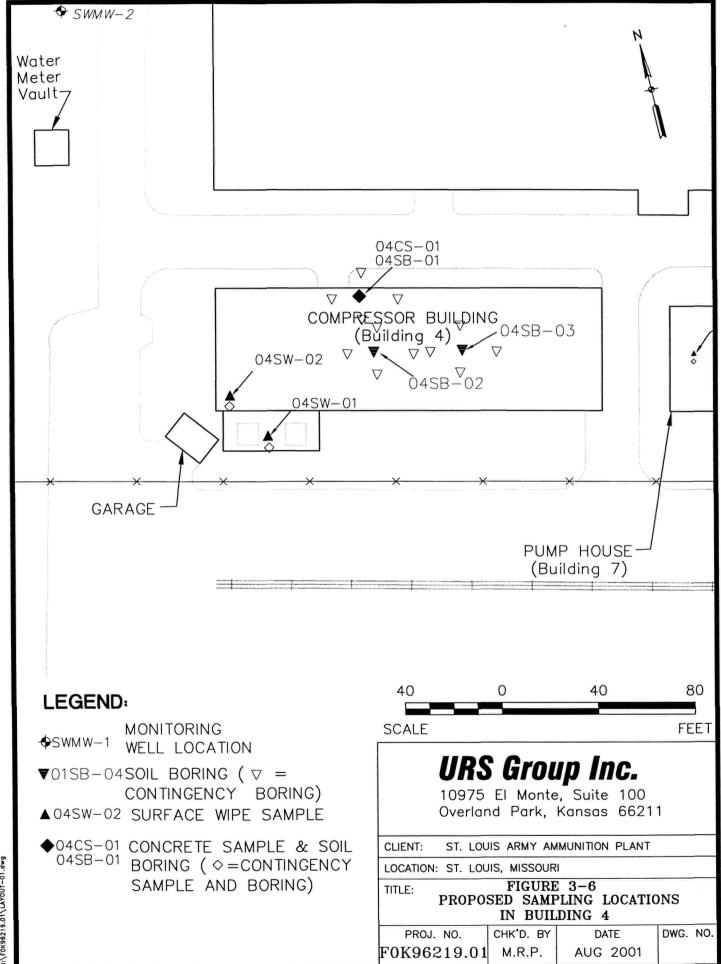
Activity/Task	Calendar Days to Complete	Date	
Field Work Preparation	Completed within 5 days from Approval of Work Plans	9/10/2001	
Field Mobilization	3 days	9/13/2001	
Field Work - Initial	25 days	10/08/2001	
Field Work - Contingency Samples	Started within 2 days of recelpt of initial analytical results	10/30/2001	
Demobilization	3 days	11/02/2001	
Chemical Analysis Completed	14 days after lab receives final samples	11/14/2001	
Data Validation Completed	14 days from receipt of final analytical results	11/30/2001	
Draft Report	30 days from receipt of final analytical results	01/04/2002	
Review/Comments on Draft Report	14 days	01/18/2002	
Final Report	30 days from receipt of review comments	02/17/2002	



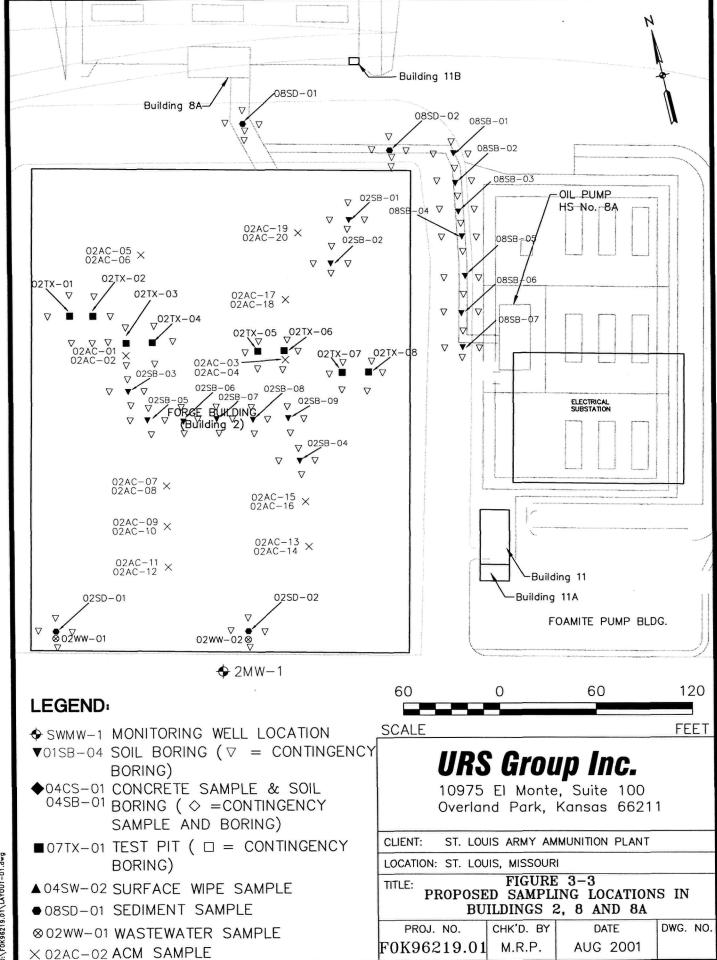


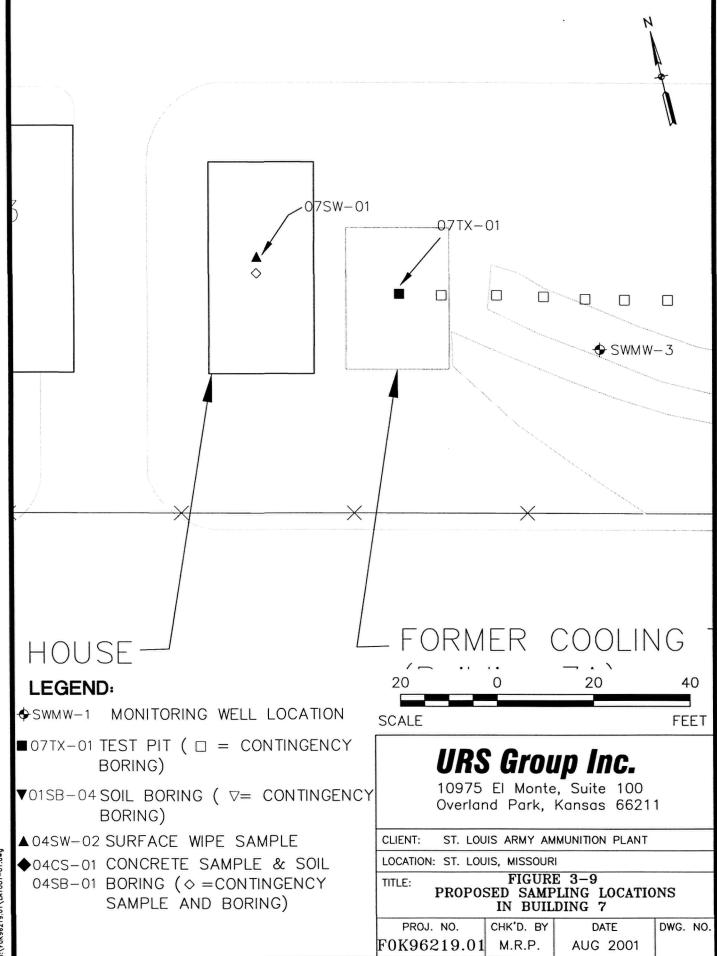


July 26, 2001 10:57.34 am (WXS)



July 26, 2001 10:57.14 am (WXS) J:\F0X96219.01\LAYOUT-01.4wg





July 25, 2001 1:32.02 pm (wxs) J:\F0K96219.01\LAYOUT-01.dwg